
M3: Dimension Analysis

Past Paper Questions
2006 - 2013

Name:

- 1 The time T taken for a simple pendulum to make a single small oscillation is thought to depend only on its length l , its mass m and the acceleration due to gravity g .

By using dimensional analysis:

- (a) show that T does **not** depend on m ; (3 marks)
- (b) express T in terms of l , g and k , where k is a dimensionless constant. (4 marks)

- 1 The magnitude of the gravitational force, F , between two planets of masses m_1 and m_2 with centres at a distance x apart is given by

$$F = \frac{Gm_1m_2}{x^2}$$

where G is a constant.

- (a) By using dimensional analysis, find the dimensions of G . (3 marks)
- (b) The lifetime, t , of a planet is thought to depend on its mass, m , its initial radius, R , the constant G and a dimensionless constant, k , so that

$$t = km^\alpha R^\beta G^\gamma$$

where α , β and γ are constants.

Find the values of α , β and γ . (5 marks)

- 1 The speed, $v \text{ m s}^{-1}$, of a wave travelling along the surface of a sea is believed to depend on
- the depth of the sea, $d \text{ m}$,
- the density of the water, $\rho \text{ kg m}^{-3}$,
- the acceleration due to gravity, g , and
- a dimensionless constant, k

so that

$$v = kd^\alpha \rho^\beta g^\gamma$$

where α , β and γ are constants.

By using dimensional analysis, show that $\beta = 0$ and find the values of α and γ . (6 marks)

June 2009

- 1** A ball of mass m is travelling vertically downwards with speed u when it hits a horizontal floor. The ball bounces vertically upwards to a height h .

It is thought that h depends on m , u , the acceleration due to gravity g , and a dimensionless constant k , such that

$$h = km^\alpha u^\beta g^\gamma$$

where α , β and γ are constants.

By using dimensional analysis, find the values of α , β and γ .

(5 marks)

June 2010

- 1** A tank containing a liquid has a small hole in the bottom through which the liquid escapes. The speed, $u \text{ m s}^{-1}$, at which the liquid escapes is given by

$$u = CV\rho g$$

where $V \text{ m}^3$ is the volume of the liquid in the tank, $\rho \text{ kg m}^{-3}$ is the density of the liquid, g is the acceleration due to gravity and C is a constant.

By using dimensional analysis, find the dimensions of C .

(5 marks)

June 2011

- 2** The time, t , for a single vibration of a piece of taut string is believed to depend on

the length of the taut string, l ,
the tension in the string, F ,
the mass per unit length of the string, q , and
a dimensionless constant, k ,

such that

$$t = kl^\alpha F^\beta q^\gamma$$

where α , β and γ are constants.

By using dimensional analysis, find the values of α , β and γ .

(5 marks)

June 2012

- 2** A pile driver of mass m_1 falls from a height h onto a pile of mass m_2 , driving the pile a distance s into the ground. The pile driver remains in contact with the pile after the impact. A resistance force R opposes the motion of the pile into the ground.

Elizabeth finds an expression for R as

$$R = \frac{g}{s} \left[s(m_1 + m_2) + \frac{h(m_1)^2}{m_1 + m_2} \right]$$

where g is the acceleration due to gravity.

Determine whether the expression is dimensionally consistent. (4 marks)

June 2013

- 2** A car has mass m and travels up a slope which is inclined at an angle θ to the horizontal. The car reaches a maximum speed v at a height h above its initial position. A constant resistance force R opposes the motion of the car, which has a maximum engine power output P .

Neda finds a formula for P as

$$P = mgv \sin \theta + Rv + \frac{1}{2}mv^3 \frac{\sin \theta}{h}$$

where g is the acceleration due to gravity.

Given that the engine power output may be measured in newton metres per second, determine whether the formula is dimensionally consistent. (6 marks)